



Research Development and Education of Systems Science and Cybernetics
NEW TRENDS ON SYSTEMS SCIENCE AND CYBERNETICS

EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABILITY : LESSONS FROM LIVING SYSTEMS GOVERNANCE.

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<http://www.afscet.asso.fr/pagesperso/Bricage.html>

AFSCET

The French Society
for CyberSystems



The International Academy for
Systems and Cybernetic Sciences



四川大学
成都市
中华人民共和国

IASCYS Chengdu conference, University of SICHUAN, PR China, 2017, October 20-21

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NEW TRENDS ON SYSTEMS SCIENCE AND CYBERNETICS

HOW TO DESIGN A LIVING SYSTEM ?

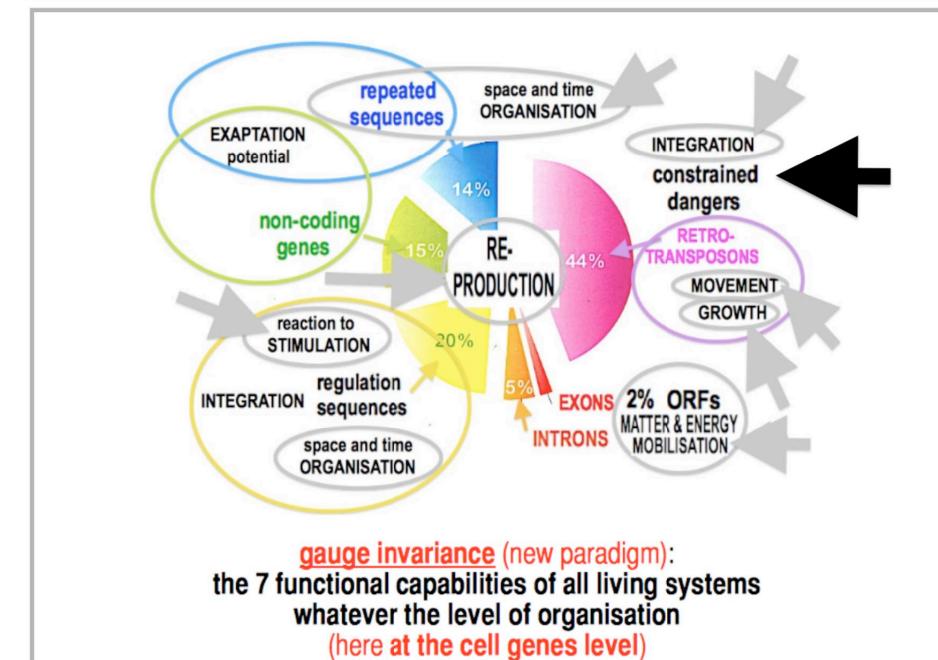
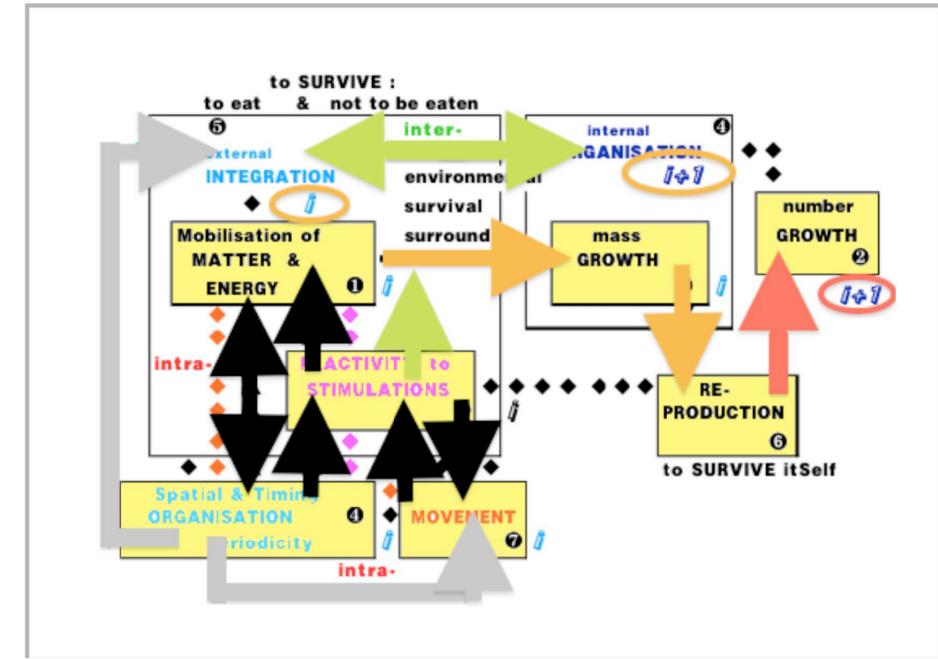
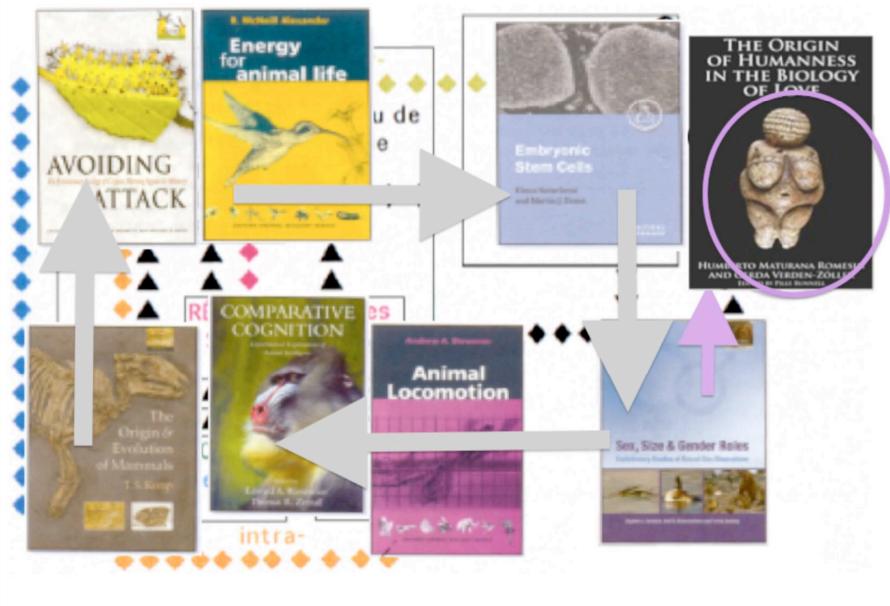
introduction
operational definition for a living system

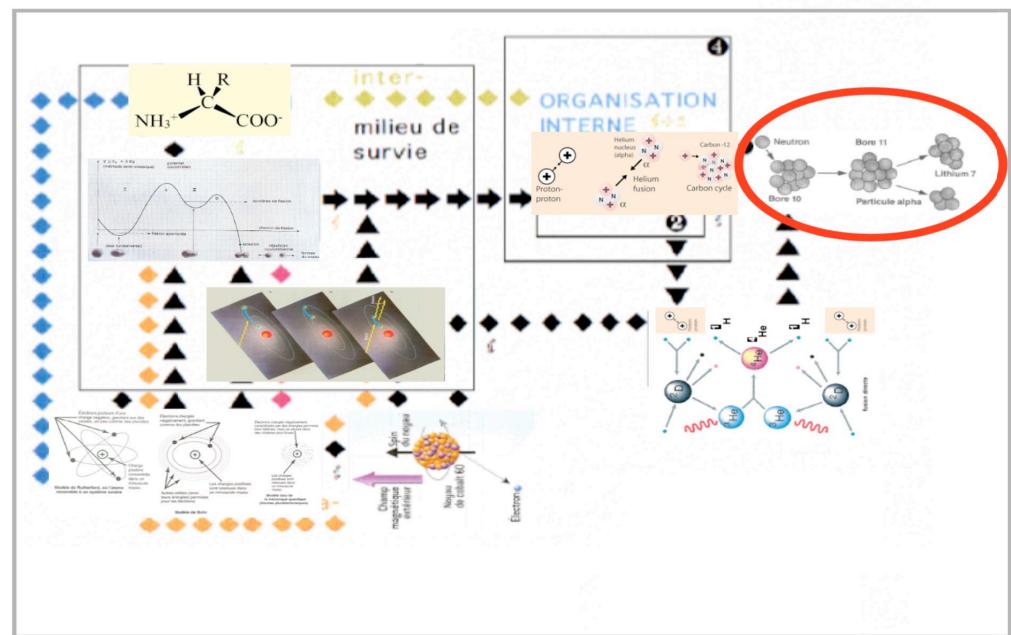
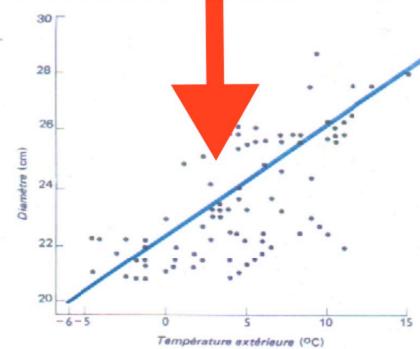
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 NEW TRENDS ON SYSTEMS SCIENCE AND CYBERNETICS

- 1 MATTER AND ENERGY FLOWS CONTROLS
- 2 MASS GROWTH
- 3 STIMULI RESPONSES
- 4 INTERNAL ORGANIZATION of the endophysiotope
- 5 EXTERNAL INTEGRATION into the ecoexotope
- 6 MOVEMENTS
- 7 CAPABILITIES FOR TO SURVIVE ←
- 7 REPRODUCTION [NUMBER GROWTH]
 FOR TO ITSELF SURVIVE ITS SELF

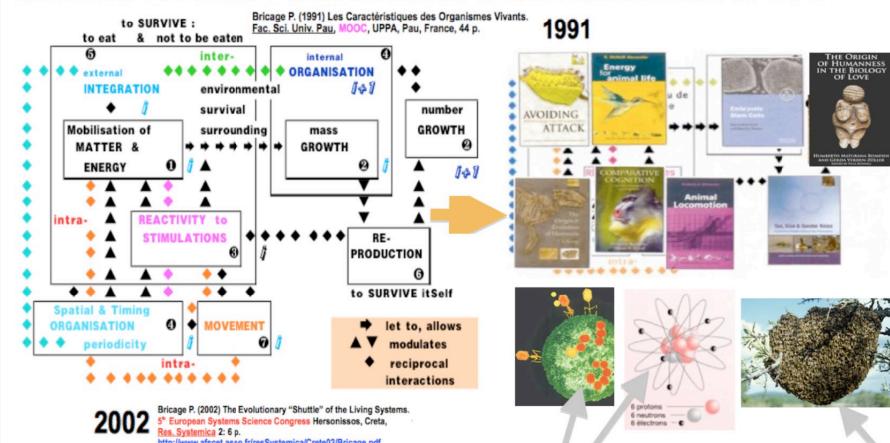
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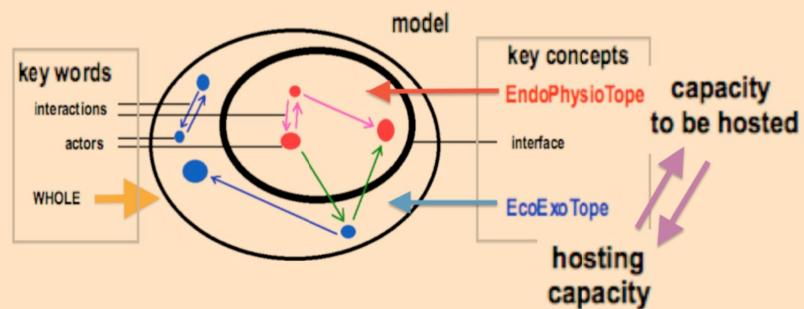


Associations for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and DisAvantages

3.1. LIVING SYSTEMS 7 CAPABILITIES: GAUGE INVARIANCE OF LIFE



How to define a scale invariant level of organisation?
: The gauge invariance paradigm.



EndoPhysioTope and EcoExoTope,
hosting capacity and capacity to be hosted:
integration.

THE KEY PARADIGM FOR SUSTAINABILITY

Systems Of Systems:

"a space for each one and each one in its space"

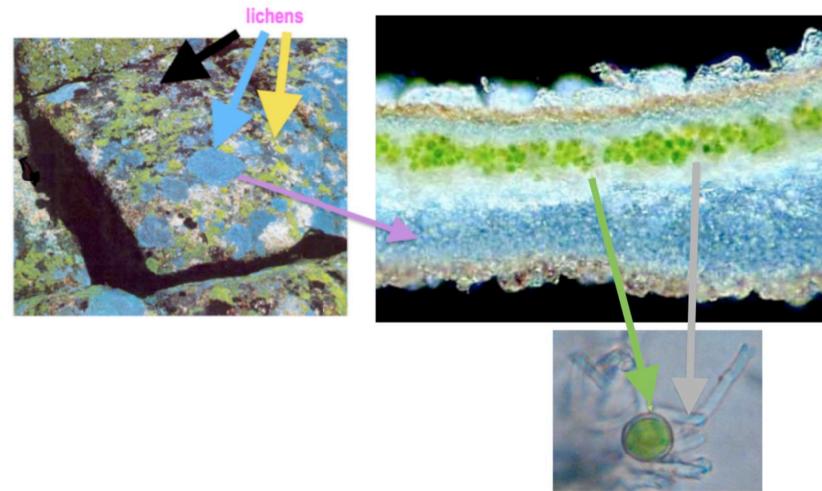
lichens: The ARMSADA paradigm ←

Systems of systems: embedment and juxtaposition

"interaction is construction, construction is interaction"
structuration between systems and within a system:

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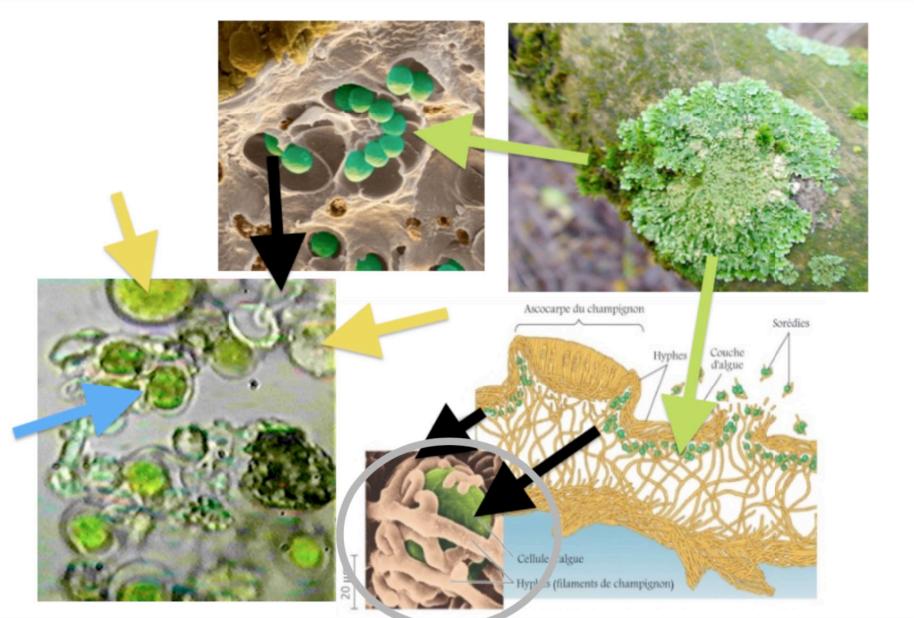
X-SHS jeudi 15 septembre 2016, X, 5 rue Descartes, Paris 75005.



<http://web.univ-pau.fr/~bricage>

Pierre Bricage

<http://armsada.eu>



UES-EUS Valencia, Spain - Globalization and Crisis. Complexity and Governance of Systems. - October 15th, 2014

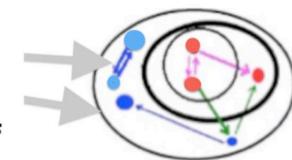
a lichen
AN ORGANISM MADE OF
A MULTICELL ORGANISM
A CELL ORGANISM POPULATION
A BACTERIAL POPULATION



AN ECOSYSTEM
WITH A FOOD CHAIN

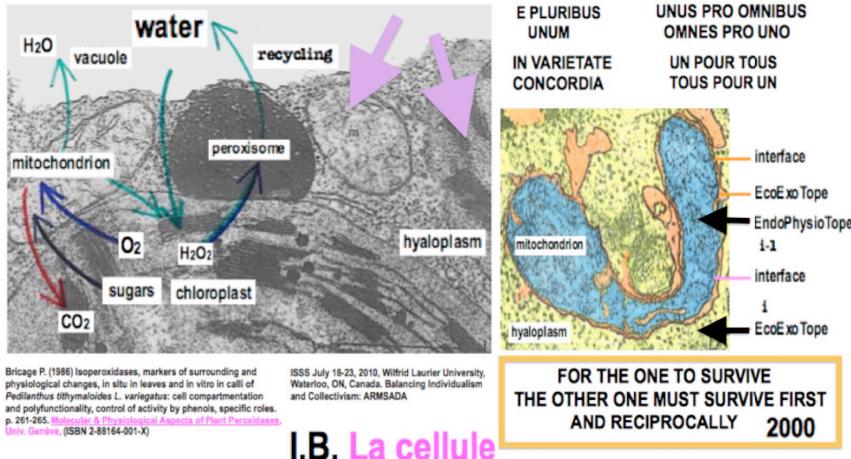
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ARMSADA
Association for
the Reciprocal
and Mutual
Sharing of
Advantages
and DisAdvantages

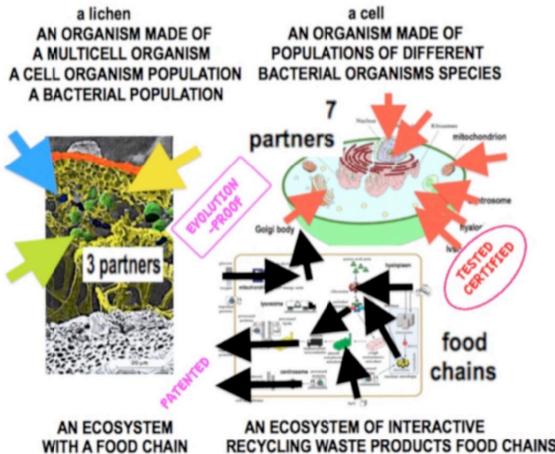


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A CELL IS AN ENDOSYNCENOSIS, AN ECOSYSTEM of ORGANISMS



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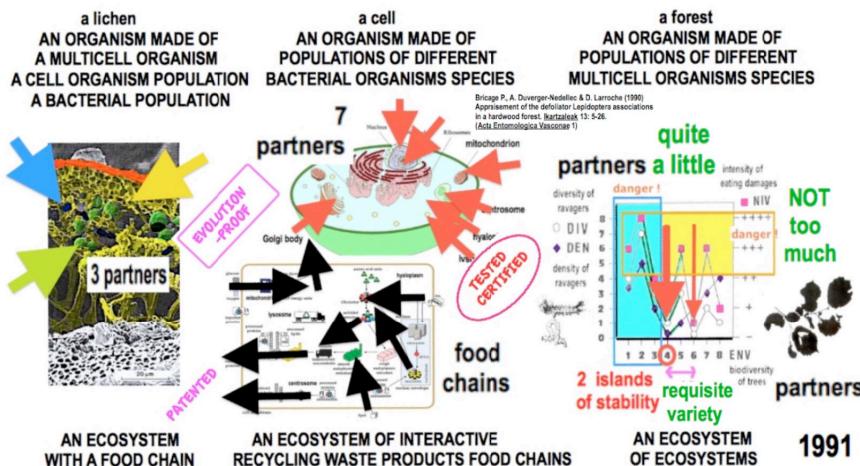


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Symposium 2 : Human Interaction with EcoSystems.

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Associations for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and DisAvantages



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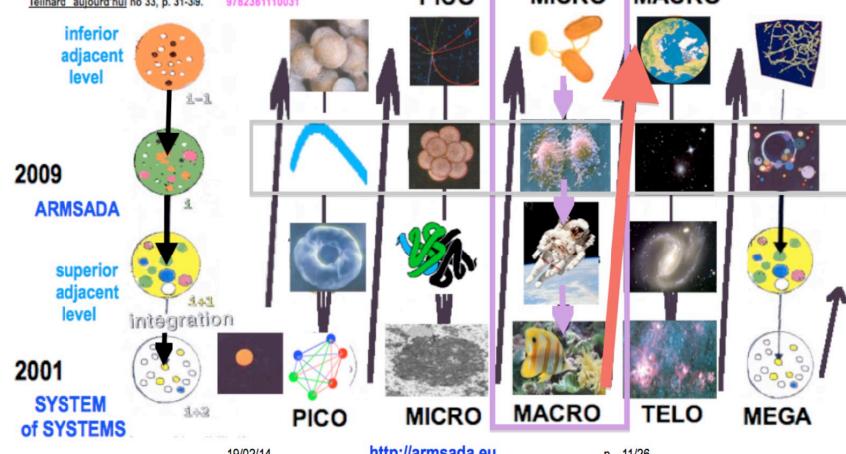
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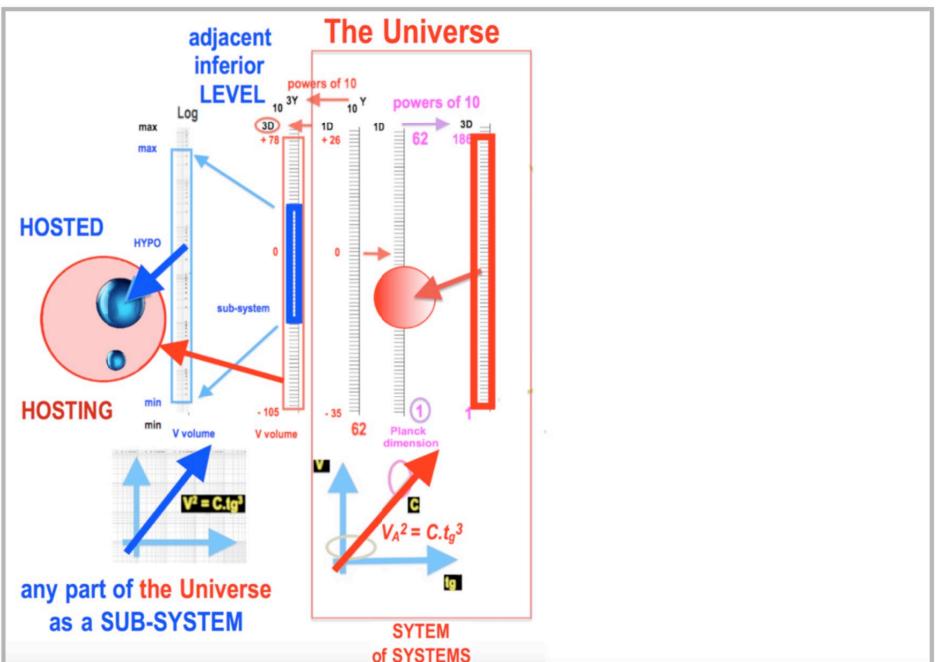
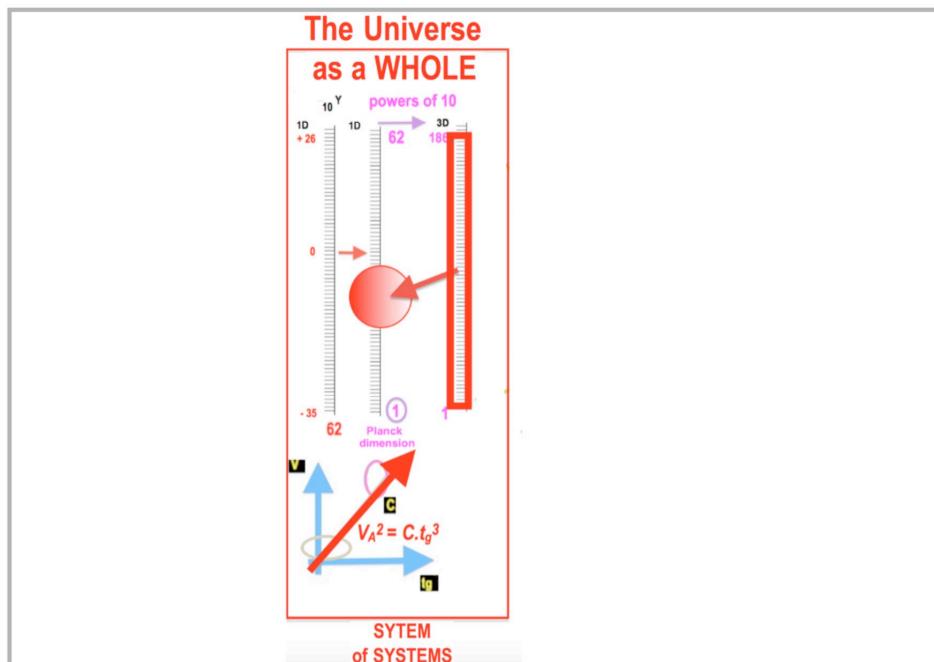
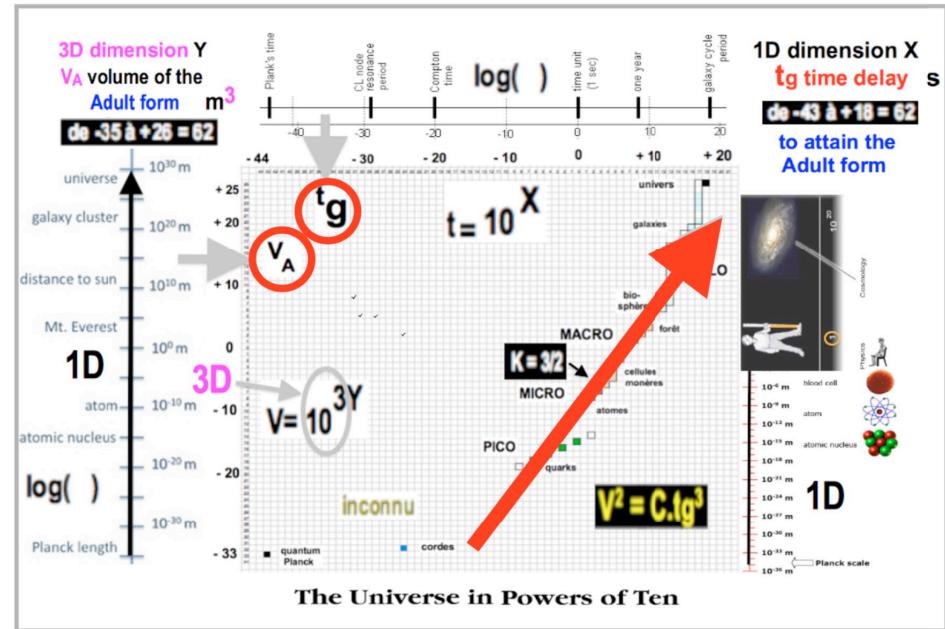
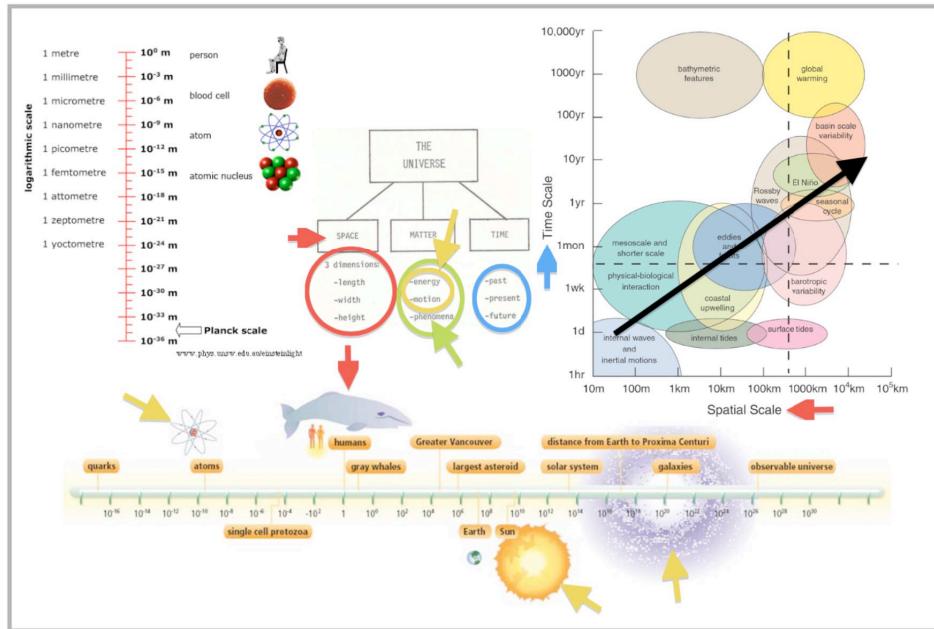
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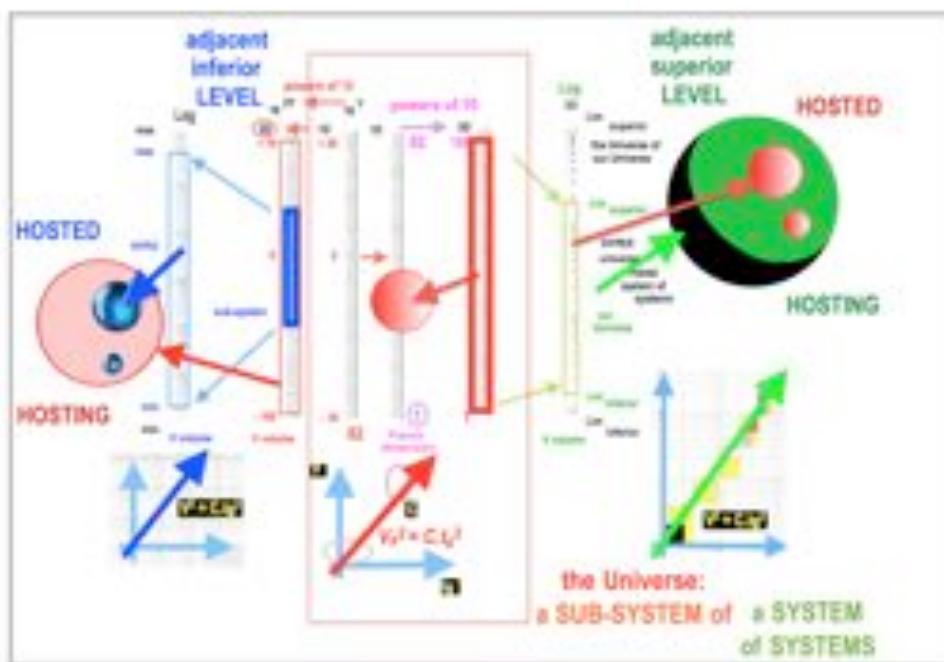
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3.2. ORGANISATION LEVELS: PERIODIC CLASSIFICATION CHART

Bricage P. (2010) L'approche systémique de l'évolution du vivant. *Teilhard aujourd'hui* no 33, p. 31-38. 978236111031







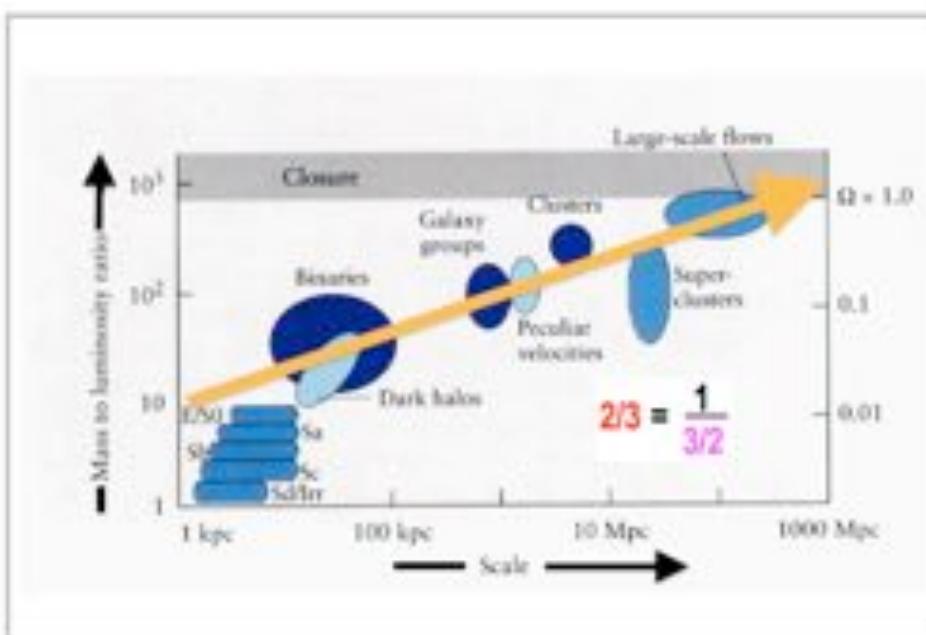
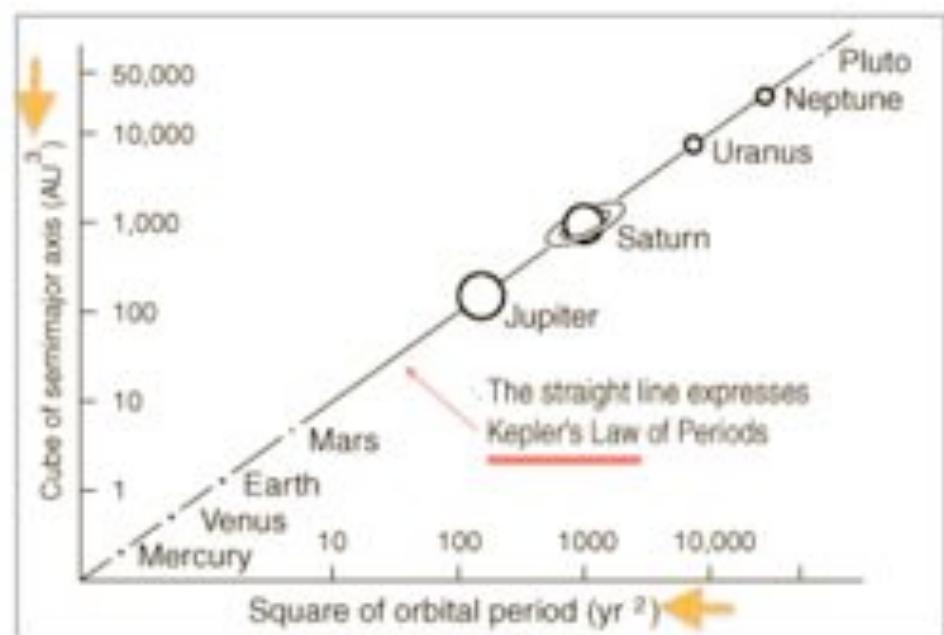
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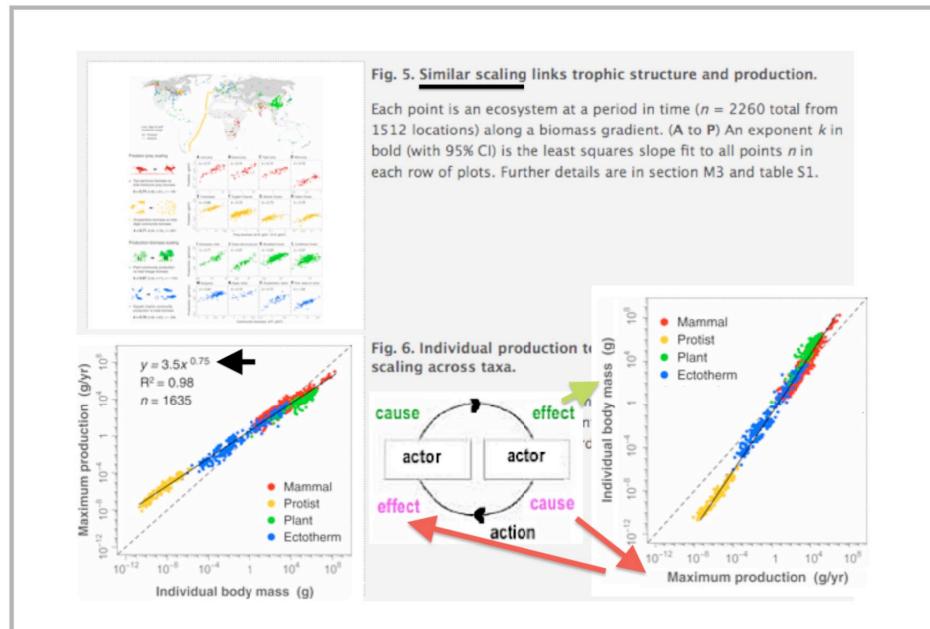
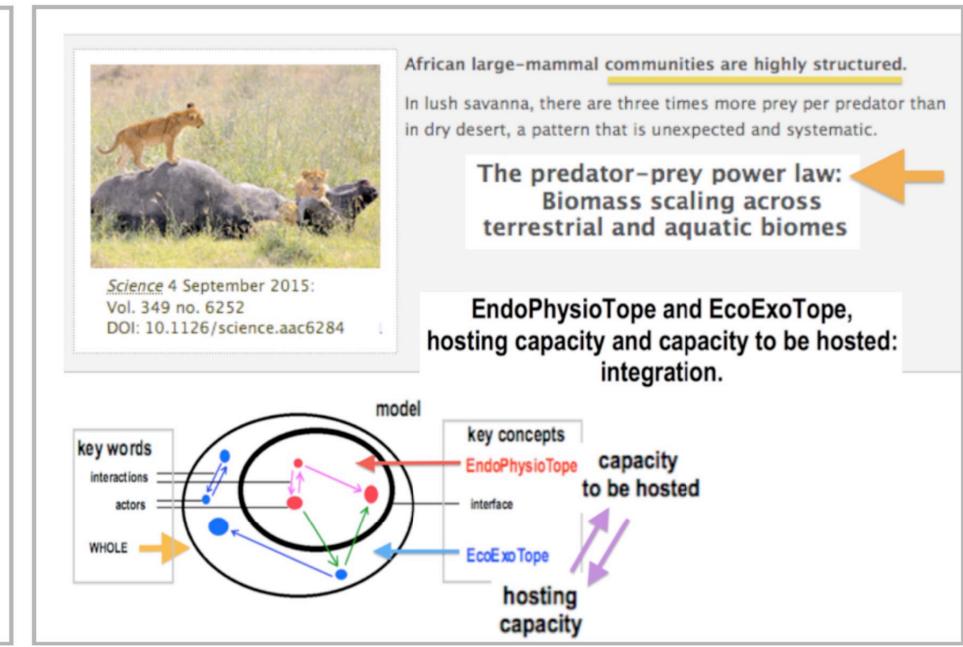
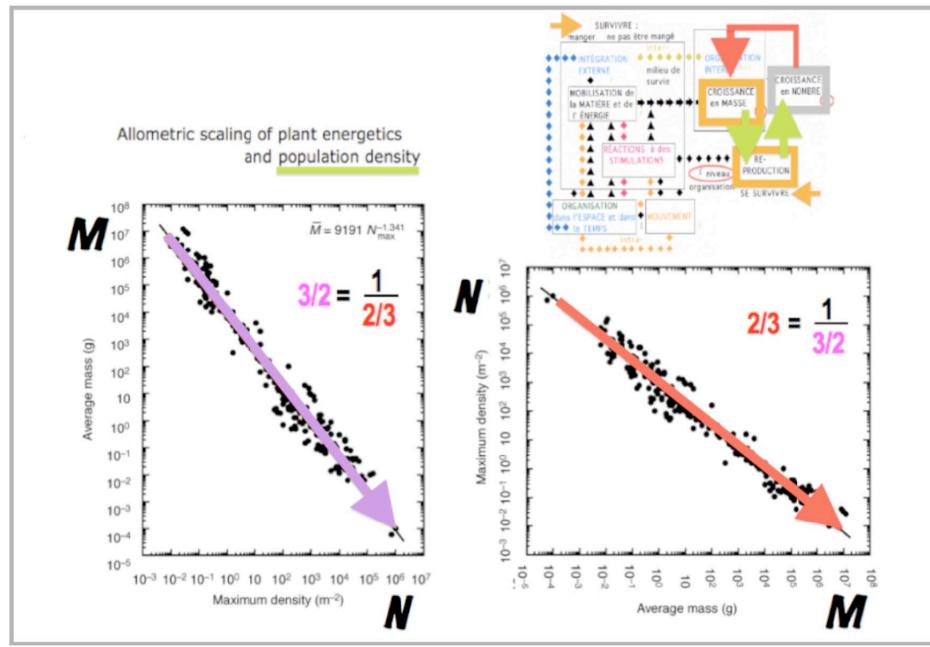
LIVING SYSTEMS FRACTAL GOVERNANCE

Origin, maintenance and evolution
of Systems of Systems,
emergence, invariance and maintenance

→ a scaling invariant power law:
relationships between spaces and times of the parts
and spaces and times of their whole

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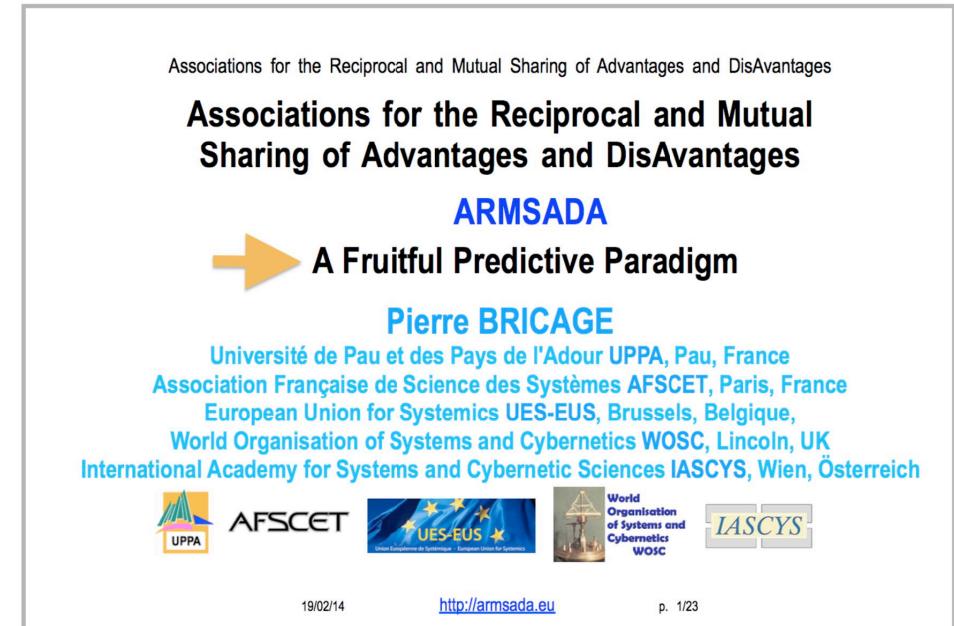
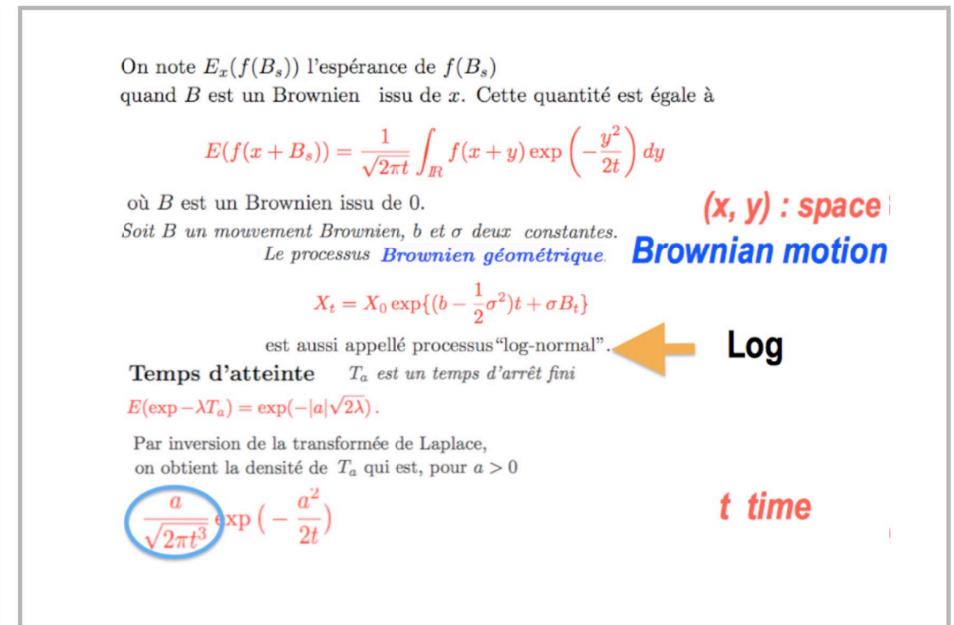
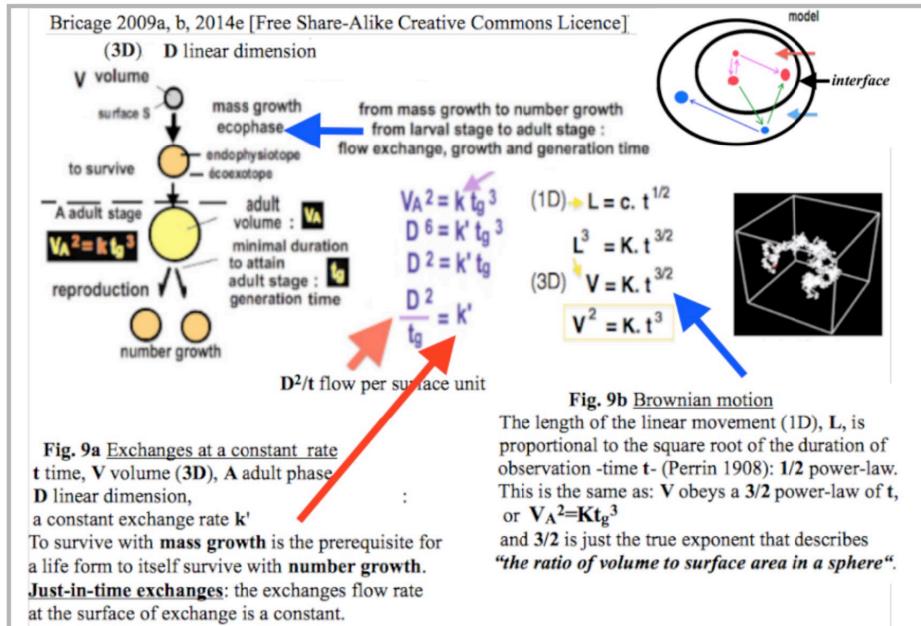
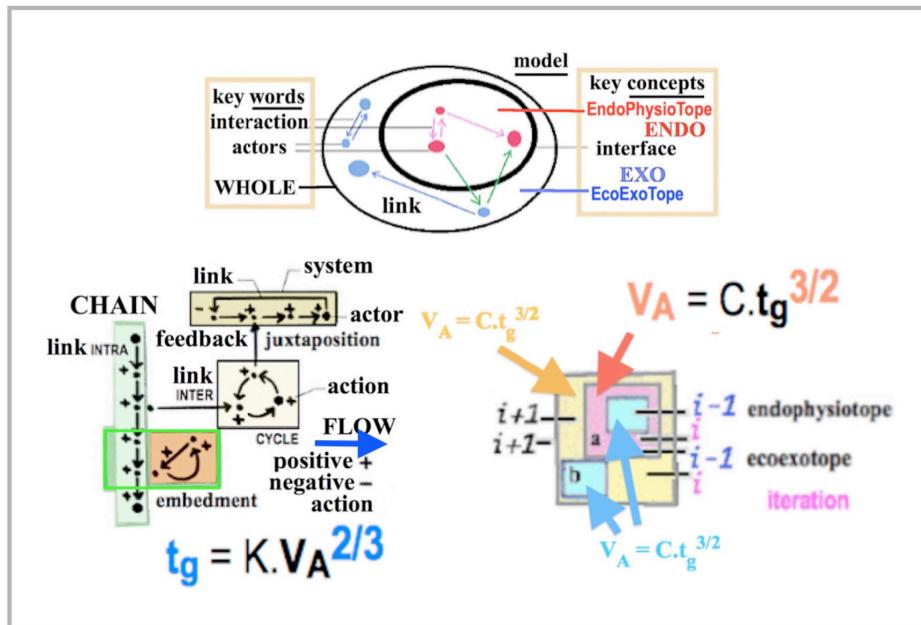




$$V_A^2 = C \cdot t_g^3$$

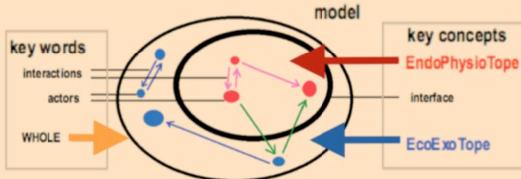
$t_g = K \cdot V_A^{2/3}$

larval stage duration in s
reproductive Adult volume in m^3

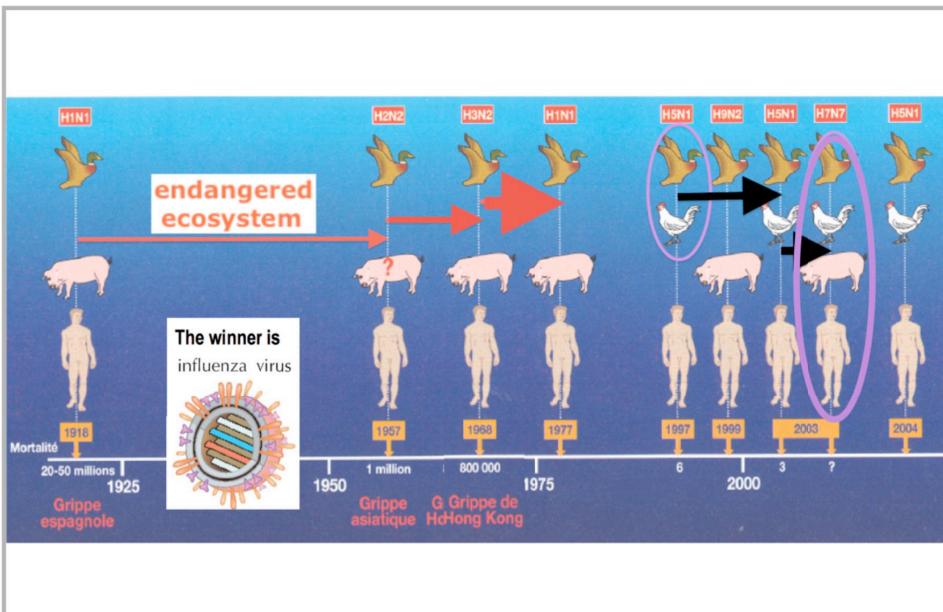
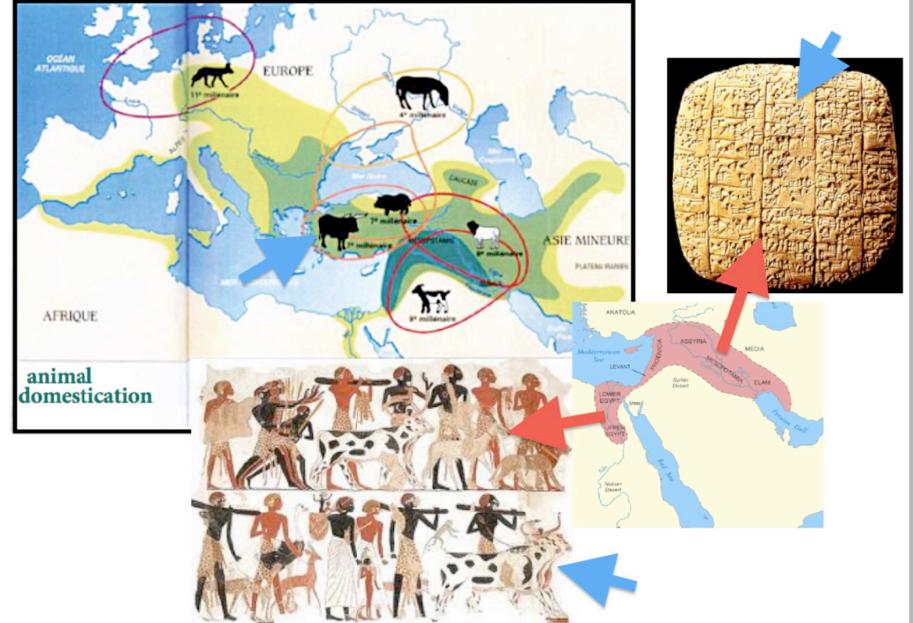


symbioses are not associations for mutual benefits, but

ARMSADA



mass growth or number growth
is long-lasting (sustainable) as long as
supportable for every partner
and supported by every partner



Congreso Internacional América-Europa sobre los Valores del Quijote
Villanueva de los Infantes, Campo de Montiel, Spain, 28 June - 2 July, 2017

To escape from their “who wins loses” game,
predators and preys must enter into an
Association for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing
of Advantages and DisAdvantages
-ARMSADA-

Every ARMSADA emerges
→ when all the partners simultaneously
lose the ability to kill the other ones.

"WIN-WIN"
is not the solution but the problem! ←
What next?

Pierre BRICAGE

ARMSADA THE KEY PARADIGM FOR SUSTAINABILITY

The European Meeting on Cybernetics and Systems Research,
Wien, Österreich, March 30th - April 1st, 2016

AFSCET UES-EUS IASCYS Pierre BRICAGE SCU UPPA

Associations for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and DisAvantages

4.1. HIV CURATIVE VACCINE

La technologie du prélèvement *in vivo* de cellules souches, de leur culture *in vitro*, puis de leur réimplantation *in situ*, au même individu, est maintenant maîtrisée.* Cultivons une grande quantité, renouvelée, de cellules mères de la lignée lymphocytaire, saines, prélevées chez un individu contaminé (mais en dessous du seuil de contamination assurant l'existence de cellules viables* intactes, non infectées*), en présence d'une quantité limitée, contrôlée, de virus HIV. Tôt ou tard, les seules cellules survivantes, sélectionnées *in vitro*, seront des cellules souches modifiées génétiquement*, ayant intégré le virus (état 4, Figure 2) sous une forme endogène stable (état E, Figure 1). Réimplantées, chez le même individu contaminé*, elles donneront naissance à une lignée résistante* à la lyse par le même virus.*

Bricage P. (2005) The Metamorphoses of the Living Systems:
Associations for Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and of Disadvantages.
2nd European Systems Science Congress Proceedings 4 Bio-Systems, 10 p.

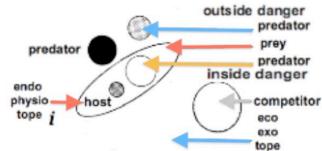


2008

4.2. CANCER CURATIVE VACCINE

Bricage P. (2008) ARMSADA: Applicative Insights in Prevention or Cure of (HIV induced) AIDS. Complementary Data, Figures & References.
2nd European Systems Science Congress Proceedings, Lisboa

Ibstr: 978-972-9059-05-6



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Associations for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and DisAvantages

CURATIVE VACCINES

2 NEW WORDS: ECOEXOTOPE & ENDOPHYSIOTYPE

2 "TRIVIAL" CONCEPTS:

- * TO SURVIVE IT IS "TO EAT" & "NOT TO BE EATEN"
- * THERE ARE NEVER ADVANTAGES WITHOUT DISADVANTAGES

1 NEW PARADIGM:

ALL THE LIVING SYSTEMS MERGED FROM AN ARMSADA
ASSOCIATION for the RECIPROCAL and MUTUAL
SHARING OF ADVANTAGES and DISADVANTAGES

2 "EVIDENT" FACTS: MODULARITY & ERGODICITY

2 NEW IDEAS:

- * DANGERS HOSTED IN CELLS, ARE NECESSARY FOR THE SURVIVAL
- * VIRUSES ARE REGULATORS & PROTECTORS OF LIFE THROUGH THEIR CONTROL OF THE CAPACITY OF HOSTING OF THE ECOEXOTOPES & OF THE CAPACITY OF TO BE HOSTED OF THE ENDOPHYSIOTOPES.

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International Journal of Public and Private Management

Vol 1, No 1 (2014) > Bricage

An approach of organizations and management: Systemic ethics, democracy and sustainability

Pierre Bricage

To survive all living systems have "to eat and not to be eaten". But, soon or late, every one is eaten (<http://tinyurl.com/survivepbafscet>). To partly escape from the dilemma of the predator-prey game, in which "who wins loses", the predator must, as the prey, enter into an Association for the Reciprocal and Mutual Sharing of Advantages and DisAdvantages (ARMSADA) -like a lichen or a cell, which both are an organism and an ecosystem-. Every ARMSADA emerges when all partners simultaneously lose the ability to kill the others. In the new Whole everything which is an advantage for a partner is a disadvantage for the others (<http://tinyurl.com/pbstustdev>). They are merged together "for the best and for the worst". "The benefits are only for their Wholeness" which get new "abilities" (<http://tinyurl.com/andesymbiosis>) -like the cell, which, with the help of a virus, emerged from a mat of Monera (<http://tinyurl.com/pbcellorigin>). In their new endophysiotope the "Parceners" are all interdependent. Through the iteration of the process of ARMSADAs' emerging, each new more-and-more complex "system-of-systems" is more-and-more independent of its ecoexotope (<http://tinyurl.com/phylogatmotaphology>). The endophysiotope of a i level of organisation is the ecoexotope of previous i-n levels. Due to the parceners half-autonomy, abilities of the previous levels are lost while simultaneously new ones are gained: "The Whole is both less and more than the sum of its parts" (<http://tinyurl.com/anlea05pau>).